Practice Note 12 (PN12) – Gathering of irrevocable commitments

Note 4 to Rules 3.1, 3.2 and 3.3 provides that "[a]n offeror may approach a very restricted number of sophisticated investors who have a controlling shareholding to obtain an irrevocable commitment. In all shareholders to obtain irrevocable commitments in an offer. An offeror does not have to consult the Executive in advance before approaching a shareholder with a material interest in an offeree company. In other cases the Executive must be consulted before any approach is made to a shareholder to obtain an irrevocable commitment in connection with an offer. In appropriate circumstances, the Executive may permit particular shareholders to be called and informed of details of a proposed offer which has not been publicly announced. ...".... For the purpose of this note, a shareholder has a material interest in an offeree company if he and his concert parties control(s) directly or indirectly 5% or more of the voting rights of an offeree company."

The Executive has been consulted on a number of occasions on the practicalities of this Note 4. In particular market practitioners have asked for clarification on the earliest time shareholders may be approached by an offeror and the number of shareholders who may be approached.

The rationale of Note 4 to Rules 3.1, 3.2 and 3.3 is twofold: first, to preserve secrecy before an announcement of an offer (see Rule 1.4); and secondly, to ensure equal dissemination of information to shareholders either during the course of an offer or when an offer is in contemplation (see General Principle 3 of the Codes). In administering this Note the Executive takes into account an offeror's need for certainty as well as the risks of possible leakage of information and unequal dissemination of information.

As Note 4 suggests, consultation with the Executive's consentExecutive is not required where an offeror wishes to approach a very restricted number of sophisticated investorsshareholder with a material interest (i.e. a shareholder who have a controlling shareholding to obtain an irrevocable commitment. For this purpose, "a very restricted number" means not ogether with his concert parties holding 5% or more than six.

of the voting rights of a company). In other cases which require consent under Note 4, the Executive would normally impose the following conditions: must be consulted.

An offeror may approach a shareholder with a material interest any time prior to the publication of a possible offer announcement or a firm intention announcement ("Rule 3.5 Announcement") and prior consultation with the Executive is not necessary. For all other shareholders (i.e. a shareholder (together with his concert parties) holding less than 5% of the voting rights of a company), the Executive's consent is required prior to any approach and the following principles apply:

- (a) Shareholders may only be approached within a limited period to be agreed in advance with the Executive, before the announcement of a firm intention to make an offer under Rule before the publication of the Rule 3.5 Announcement. This usually means the approach can only be made within the agreed number of business days before the issue of the Rule 3.5 announcement, the length of which will normally depend on the nature and identity of that shareholder.
- (b) The draft Rule 3.5 Announcement must be in a clearable form and the financial resources to satisfy the offeror's obligation under the offer must be readily available prior to the approach. The Executive must have indicated verbally that it does not have any substantive comments on the draft Rule 3.5 Announcement and the draft financial resources confirmation.

In each case where shareholders are approached:

Information that may be provided to those shareholders should be confined to details that are either already public or, if shareholders are approached before (i.e. in a possible offer announcement), and those that are contained in the draft Rule 3.5 Announcement where the Executive has indicated it has no substantive comments.

Rule of six

A "very restricted number of shareholders" under Note 4 means no more than six. This number includes both shareholders who have a material interest and those who do not. In circumstances where a material interest in an offeree company is held by a SPV, the SPV and its ultimate beneficial shareholders will count as one shareholder. In respect of concert party holdings in an offeree company, the Executive will treat each member of the concert group as one shareholder unless the interest of the group is held collectively through a SPV.

(i) There is no limit on the number of shareholders who can be approached following the publication of the Rule 3.5 Announcement so long as only information that are already in the public domain are provided and Note 3 to Rule 8.1 is complied with.

Importance of maintaining secrecy

<u>In 3.5 Announcement, would eventually be contained in the Rule 3.5 Announcement.</u>

all cases, the Executive expects an offeror and its advisers to preserve secrecy before any announcement of an offer. Whenever a shareholder is approached prior to a Rule 3.5 announcement, there will be a risk that details of the potential offer may be leaked. Therefore, the offeror and its advisers should make appropriate arrangements and take utmost care to minimise the

possibility of a leak. What is appropriate may differ in each case and the obligation is on the offeror's financial adviser to advise on when and how a shareholder should be approached. An offeror and its advisers must ensure that information shared when approaching a shareholder will also be contained in the eventual Rule 3.5 Announcement.

(ii) Shareholders approached before the publication of the Rule 3.5 Announcement will have to agree to be insiders, and therefore be subject to all the rules and regulations applicable to insiders. The potential offeror should make appropriate arrangements (e.g. obtaining signed confidentiality undertakings from the relevant shareholders) to prevent leakage of information relating to the offer.

List of shareholders approached to be provided to Executive

An offeror should provide to the Executive a list of all shareholders that it has approached. Where a draft possible offer announcement or Rule 3.5 announcement has been submitted for vetting, such list should be provided not later than 12.00 noon on the business day after the date of such approach. If shareholders with material interests are approached before the commencement of the vetting process, the list of shareholders approached should be submitted together with the first draft possible offer announcement or Rule 3.5 announcement.

28 Sepember 201729 September 2023