

Methods of Money Laundering & Terrorist Financing And Suspicious Transaction Reporting

Alice LAM
Detective Senior Inspector of Police



Important Notice

All rights, including copyright, in this PowerPoint file are owned and reserved by the Hong Kong Police Force. Unless prior permission in writing is given by the Commissioner of Police, you may not use the materials other than for your personal learning and in the course of your official duty.

重要告示

香港警務處持有並保留本簡報檔案包括版權在內的所有權益。除預 先獲得警務處處長書面許可外,本簡報檔案只可用作個人學習及處 理公務上用途。



◆ About JFIU

♦ Key Legislation

Methods of Money Laundering and Terrorist Financing

Suspicious Transaction Report

Case Study



◆ About JFIU

♦ Key Legislation

Methods of Money Laundering and Terrorist Financing

◆ Suspicious Transaction Report

Case Study



Financial Intelligence and Investigation Bureau



responsible for money laundering and terrorist financing investigations



- processes and analyses suspicious transaction reports
- exchanges financial intelligence with other local and foreign law enforcement agencies (LEAs)
- maintains close liaison with banks and other stakeholders

Headquarters

 looks after AML/CFT policy and legislation matters, strategic analysis and ongoing territory-wide risk assessment, training and outreaching



About JFIU

- Set up in 1989
- ► Co-staffed by officers of HKPF & C&ED
- ▶ Sole agency to manage the suspicious transaction reporting regime
- ► Financial intelligence exchanges with LEAs and FIUs worldwide
- ► Member of Egmont Group since 1996
- Establishment of Financial Intelligence and Investigation Bureau (FIIB)



About JFIU



CHARTER

- Operation analysis of STR
- Global exchange of financial intelligence and information
- Strategic analysis of financial intelligence and other information
- Research on ML/TF trends and typologies
- Operation of the STREAMS
- Support on provisional measures to prevent further dealing of suspicious property
- Staffing of local and international AML/CFT policy matters
- Coordination of AML/CFT training and outreach



◆ About JFIU

Key Legislation

Methods of Money Laundering and Terrorist Financing

Suspicious Transaction Report

Case Study



Key Legislation

- Drug Trafficking (Recovery of Proceeds) Ordinance(DTROP, Cap. 405) 販毒(追討得益)條例 (第405章)
- Organized and Serious Crimes Ordinance (OSCO, Cap. 455) 有組織及嚴重罪行條例 (第455章)
- United Nations (Anti-Terrorism Measures) Ordinance (UNATMO, Cap. 575) 聯合國(反恐怖主義措施)條例 (第575章)
- AML & CFT (Financial Institutions) Ordinance (AMLO, Cap. 615) 打擊洗錢及恐怖分子資金籌集(金融機構)條例 (第615章)
- 2018
 Amendment of AMLO, Cap. 615

 打擊洗錢及恐怖分子資金籌集條例(第615章)的修訂



Key Legislation (Anti Money Laundering)

Any person

- Knowing or having reasonable grounds to believe
- Any property
- In whole or in part or indirectly represents proceeds of drug trafficking
- Deals with the property

Maximum Penalty:

- HKD 5 Million fine
- 14 years' imprisonment

S.25 of Cap 405 DTROP

S.25 of Cap 455 OSCO

Key Legislation (Counter-Terrorist Financing)

Any person should not

- Provide or collect directly or indirectly
- Any property
- With the intention that the property be used or knowing that the property will be used
- In whole or in part to commit one or more terrorist acts

 S.7 of Cap 575 UNATMO

Maximum Penalty:

- 14 years' imprisonment



Key Legislation (Suspicious Transaction Reporting)

Any person

- Knows or suspects
- Any property represents / was used / is intended to be used in connection with the proceeds of drug trafficking or indictable offences or terrorist property
- Should disclose that knowledge or suspicion to an authorized officer (i.e. JFIU)

Maximum Penalty:

- Level 5 fine (HKD 50,000)
- 3 months' imprisonment

S.25A(1) of Cap. 405 DTROP

S.25A(1) of Cap. 455 OSCO

S.12(1) of Cap. 575 UNATMO

Key Legislation (Suspicious Transaction Reporting)

Where a person

- Knows or suspects that a disclosure has been made
- The person shall not disclose to another person any matter
- Which is likely to prejudice any investigation which might be conducted following that first-mentioned disclosure

Maximum Penalty:

- HKD 500,000 fine
- 3 months' imprisonment

S.25A(5) of Cap. 405 DTROP

S.25A(5) of Cap. 455 OSCO

S. 12(5) of Cap. 575 UNATMO

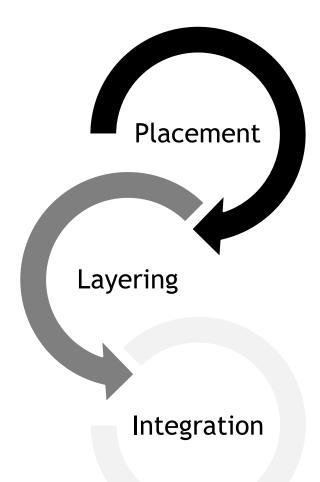
◆ About JFIU

♦ Key Legislation

♦ Methods of Money Laundering and Terrorist Financing

◆ Suspicious Transaction Report

Case Study



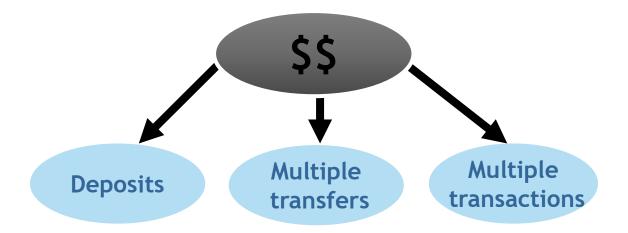


- ► Stage I: Placement
 - ▶ Place dirty money into the financial system

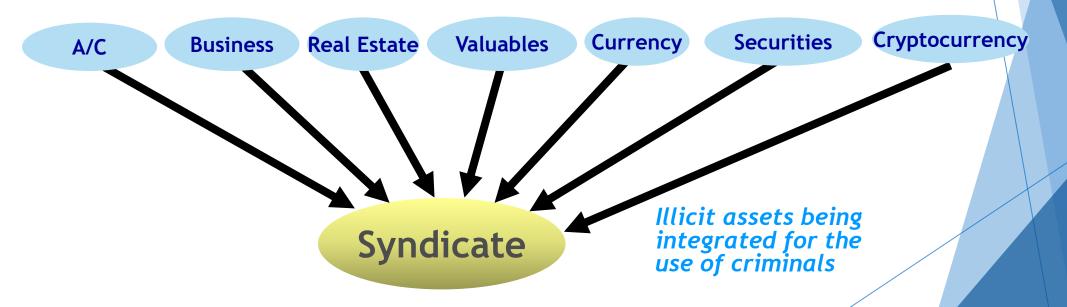




- Stage II: Layering
 - ► Convert proceeds of crime into other forms
 - Create complex layers of financial transactions to defraud the audit trail, source and owner of funds



- Stage III: Integration
 - ► To integrate the laundered funds from different sources
 - Use the laundered funds to purchase 'clean assets'



◆ About JFIU

♦ Key Legislation

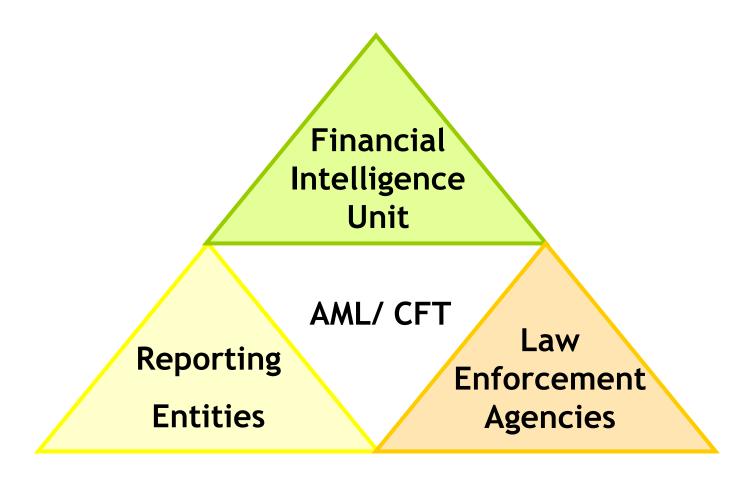
Methods of Money Laundering and Terrorist Financing

Suspicious Transaction Report

Case Study



STR Mechanism





STR Mechanism

← Public-Private Partnership →

Reporting Entities

Financial Institutions & DNFBPs

CDD + KYC

Record Keeping

Internal Controls

STR Filing

Financial Intelligence Unit

JFIU

STR Regime

Intelligence Exchange

International Cooperation

Training & Outreach

Law
Enforcement
Agencies

e.g. Police, Customs, ICAC

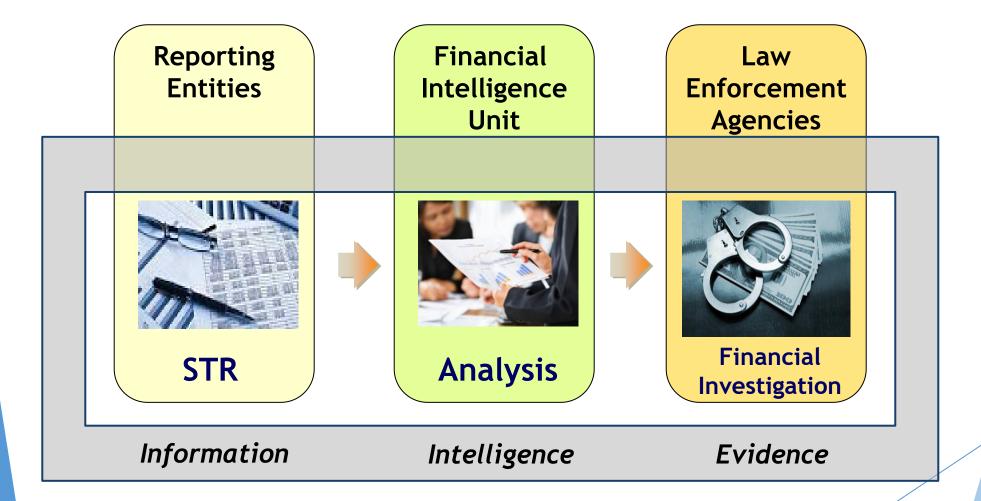
Financial Investigation

Asset Tracing

Restraint & Confiscation

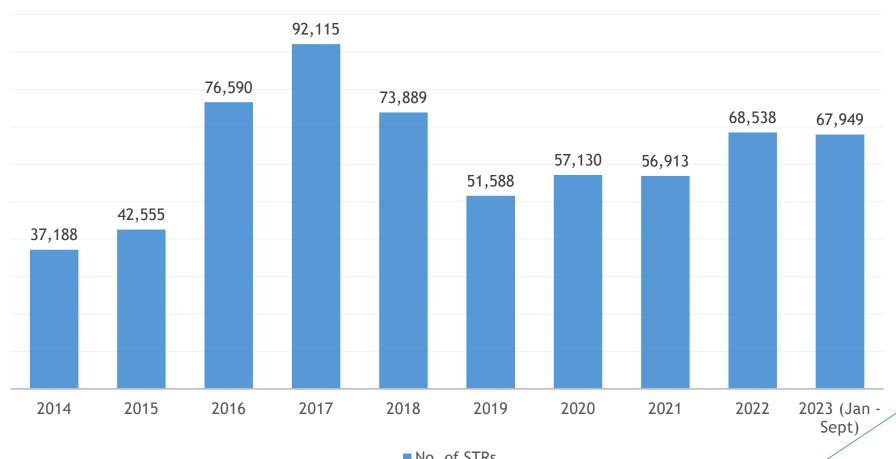
Mutual Legal Assistance

STR Mechanism



STR Statistics

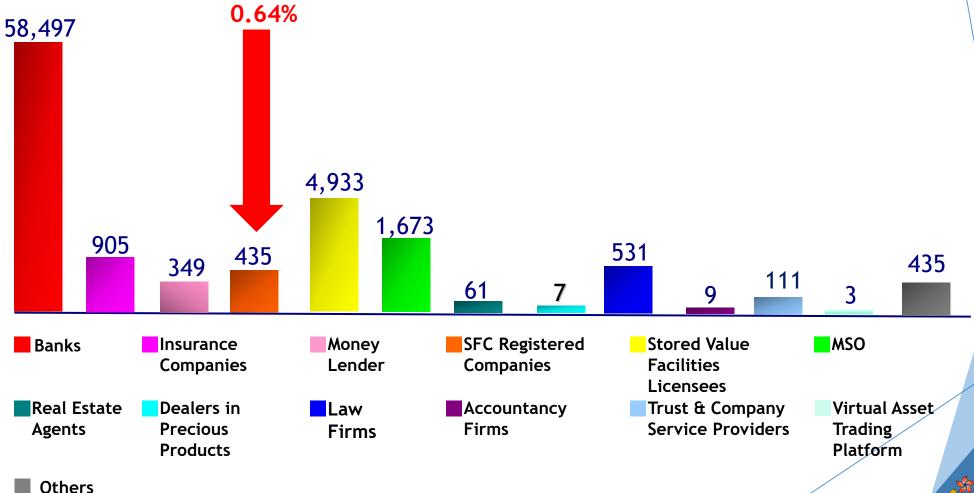
Number of STR received (2014-2023 Jan-Sept)





STR Statistics

Sectoral Breakdown of STRs received by JFIU in 2023 (Jan-Sept)



How to submit an STR?

Suspicious Transaction Report And Management System (STREAMS)

Suspicious transaction reports can be made in one of the following ways:



- · by e-reporting system, STREAMS
- by email to jfiu@police.gov.hk



by fax to: (852) 2529 4013



• by mail, addressed to Joint Financial Intelligence Unit, GPO Box 6555 Hong Kong



• by telephone (852) 2866 3366 (for urgent reports during office hours)

If you want to file an STR via STREAMS, you have to complete **the application form** and return to the JFIU either by fax (2529 4013) or email (**jfiu@police.gov.hk**). If you need any further information, please feel free to contact the JFIU.





'SAFE' Approach

Screen

Ask

Find

Evaluate

subject entities' background & transactions

appropriate questions to clarify circumstances

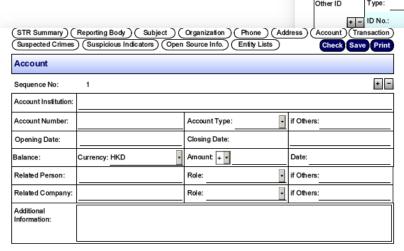
relevant records for review

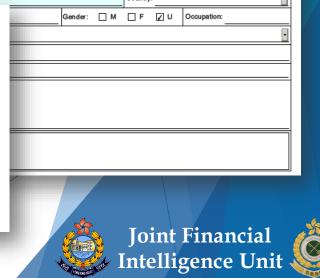
whether suspicion is substantiated



Recommended structure of STR narrative

- (1) Triggering Factors
- (2) Background of Subject(s)
- (3) Transactions
- (4) Reporting Entity's Enquiries & Open Source Information
- (5) Conclusion & Way Forward





CCC: HKID: HKID:

Middle Name

(STR Summary) (Reporting Body) (Subject) (Organization) (Phone) (Address) (Account) (Transaction)

Given Name:

Suspected Crimes (Suspicious Indicators) (Open Source Info.) (Entity Lists

Subject
Sequence No: 1

English Name:

Chinese Name

Family Name:

Recommended Structure of STR Narrative

(1) Triggering Factors

- Involved crimes (fraud/corruption/sanctions/terrorist acts, etc.)
- Warrants/court orders received
- Open source information (news/list of regulatory agencies, etc.)
- Pattern of suspicious transactions (large transactions/temporary repository of fund, etc.)

(2) Background of Subject(s)

- Personal: Age, occupation, income, transaction history, etc.
- Corporate: Date of establishment, business nature, expected transaction amount, etc.



Recommended Structure of STR Narrative

(3) Transactions

- Reviewed period
- Fund movement pattern (sudden change?)
- Total amount deposited/withdrawn
- Suspicious transactions (Not limited to transactions of large amount/frequent transactions)
- Pattern of suspicious transactions



Recommended Structure of STR Narrative

- (4) Reporting Entities' Enquiries & Open Source Information
 - Suspicious indicators (KYC queries, world check, etc. → not necessary to report all queries carried out)
 - Links of open source information
- (5) Conclusion & Way Forward
 - Conclusion of the report
 - Follow-up actions (Enhanced CDD measure , End of business relationship, etc.)

STR Feedback

- Acknowledgement of receipt
- Consent / No Consent / N/A
- Quarterly STR analyses
- Meeting with stakeholders



♦ About JFIU

♦ Key Legislation

Methods of Money Laundering and Terrorist Financing

◆ Suspicious Transaction Report

Case Study





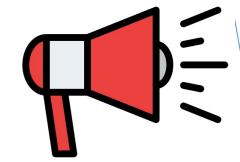
(1) Inside information



Securities account A (a/c A) has maintained dormant



Sudden upsurge of transactions of stock A



Immediately after the sudden large purchase of Stock A by a/c A, positive news was released relating to Stock A

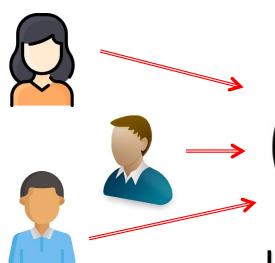


A/c A then immediately sold all stock A

Joint Financial Intelligence Unit

Case Study (2)

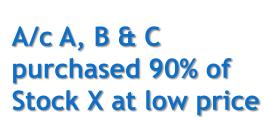
(2) Pump and dump



Securities accounts A,B,C



Using the same IP addresses





Positive info on Stock A suddenly spread around social media platforms



As the price of Stock X went up, A/c A, B & C sold all their stock X in hand



Case Study (3)

(3) Cross Trade



Listed company A



Shareholder of listed company A

Sold a specific amount of stocks of company A to a manager at a low price without recording the trade on the exchange



The manager who quitted company A shortly



Case Study (4)

(4) Marketing manipulation



Depositing into the securities account with cash





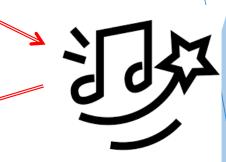
Holder of the securities account is actually the manager of listed company



Continuously purchased stocks of company A



Sold the stocks when the price reached a certain level



Making the stock price of company A go up





Thank You!

Website: www.jfiu.gov.hk

Telephone: (852) 2866 3366

Email: jfiu@police.gov.hk

